

Science Talk

Introduction to Carbon Credits

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OFFSETS

- Gives all emitters incentive to reduce emissions as much as possible
- Allows economic reductions to be made by some emitters over more time
- Carbon credit an agreement that represents the reduction in emissions of 1 tonne of CO₂



ACID RAIN

- Worked well for acid rain
- In 1990s, big problem in US, UK, Europe
- Now, no longer a problem



CARBON EMISSIONS

- Could work for carbon emissions too
- BUT ONLY PART OF THE SOLUTION
- <u>STILL NEED TO REDUCE</u> <u>EMISSIONS, ESPECIALLY</u> <u>FROM FOSSIL FUELS!!</u>



អ្វីនៅខា នេះបូគ?

- ការកាត់បន្ថយការ បំភាយឧស្ម័នផ្ទះ កញ្ចក់ដែលបណ្តាលម កពីការបាត់បង់ និងរេ ចរឹលព្រៃឈើ″
- យន្តការ ផ្តល់មូលនិធិ សកល ដើម្បីគាំទ្រ ការ អភិរក្សព្រៃឈើ
- អត្ថប្រយោជន៍រួម៖ ការអភិវឌ្ឍ ប្រកបដោយចីរភាព សម្រាប់សហគមន៍ មូលដ្ឋាន, ការការពារ ជីវ:ចម្រុះ



ភាះម្រៃទ្រល អាភាសនាតុ

- ជាបញ្ហាសកល
- ការបំភាយឧស្ម័នកាបូ នពីការបាត់បង់ព្រៃ ឈើត្រពំច និង ការរិច រិលព្រៃឈើ ~20% នៃ ការបញ្ចេញឧស្ម័ នសរុប
- ការដាំព្រៃឈើ ទៀង
 វិញ និង ការស្តារ ព្រៃ
 ឈើ ទៀងវិញ ក៏អាច
 ស្តុក ឧស្ម័នកាបូន
 រហូតដល់ ~ 33 % នៃ
 ការបំភាយឧស្ម័ន
 សរុប



- Reduce rate of deforestation
- Use reductions for carbon credits
- Make money to fund more forest protection
- … And support local communities and wildlife



PROJECTS IN CAMBODIA

5 active projects:

- Keo Seima Wildlife Sanctuary REDD+
- Tumring REDD+
- Oddor Meanchay REDD+
- Southern Cardamoms REDD+
- Prey Lang Stung Treng REDD+ (under JCM)

5+ projects under development:

- Northern Plains
 Landscape
- Central Cardamoms
- Virachey NP
- Lomphat WS
- Phnom Tnout



PROJECTS IN CAMBODIA

- Projects across South American, Africa, and Asia
- Cambodia 2nd highest producer globally
- Highest in South East Asia

Global VCS/CCB credits generated



HOW TO MAKE A REDD+ PROJECT?

Need to know the answer to many questions:

- Have to know how much forest there is
- How much forest there WOULD be, if no change in protection
- How much carbon is stored in forest (per hectare)
- How much CO2 would be released if 1 hectare cut down



Need to know the answer to many questions:

• Have to know how much forest there is





Need to know the answer to many questions:

- How much forest there WOULD be, if no change in protection
 - Historical deforestation
 - Statistical models



Need to know the answer to many questions:

- How much carbon is stored in forest (per hectare)
- How much CO2 would be released if 1 hectare cut down



How do we know if people are doing all of this correctly?

- Complicated process
- Need to have a set of agreed rules and standards
- International, governmental agreements
 - Paris Agreement
 - UN
- Voluntary market
 - Quicker
 - Private sector



Standards for a Sustainable Future



Verified Carbon Standard



Climate, Community & Biodiversity Standards



ອຊັເລສເງຍາວ

- គម្រោងត្រវតែអនុវត្ត
 ទៅតាមស្ត័ង់ដារអន្តរ
 ជាតិដែលបានកំណត់
- ការធ្វើ សវនកម្ម ឯក រាជ្យ ដោយភាគី ទី៣ ដើម្បី ធានាថា បាន អនុលោម តាមស្តង់ ដារដែលបានកំណត់
- បទដ្ឋានស្តង់ដារ ធានា នូវការគោរពសិទ្ធិសហ គមន៍ ការការពារជីវ: ចម្រះ និងទិន្នន័យ បថ្វេកទេសដែលមាន គុណភាពខ្ពស់



ANSWER QUESTIONS

- Have to know how much forest there is
- How much forest there WOULD be, if no change in protection



- How much carbon is stored in forest (per hectare)
- How much CO2 would be released if 1 hectare cut down

Stratum	Above & below ground C stock tC/ha (95% Cl)	tCO₂e/ha
Dense forest: evergreen, semi-evergreen, bamboo (n=63)	270 (+/- 25)	992
Open forest: mixed deciduous, dry dipterocarp and woodland (n=41)	156 (+/- 21)	573









KSWS REDD+

Ministry of Environment & WCS

- Start date: 2010
- 167,000 hectares

Activities include:

- Securing community land tenure and rights
- Law enforcement
- Alternative livelihoods and income generation
- Biodiversity monitoring
- Facilitating Cash for Communities distribution and spending















VERIFICATION

- Prove we have done what we say we have done
- Independent audit
- External review
- Extensive documentation
- Once complete: can generate credits

VCS Come Standards

MONITORING REPORT: CCB Version 3, VCS Version 3

Keo Seima Wildlife Sanctuary REDD+ 2020–2021



Document Prepared by the Wildlife Conservation Society

Project Title	Reduced Emissions from Deforestation and Degradation in Keo Seima Wildlife Sanctuary	
Project ID	1650	
Version	1.4	
Report ID		
Date of Issue	23 rd December 2022	
Project Location	Cambodia, Mondulkiri Province	
Project Proponent(s)	H.E. Dr. Paris Choup, Under Secretary of State, Ministry of Environment, Royal Government of Cambodia +855 23 213 908, paris.nogg@gmail.com	
Prepared By	Dr. Ken Sereyrotha, Country Director, Wildlife Conservation Society, Cambodia, +855 23 219 443 / 217 205, sken@wcs.org	
ion/Verification Body	Shawn McMahon, Vice President, Aster Global Environmental Solution Inc, +1 330-833-9941, smcmahon@AsterGlobal.com	
Accounting/Crediting Period	01 January 2010 to 31 December 2089; 60 years	
itoring Period of this Report	01 January 2020-31 December 2021; 2-year total period	
listory of CCB Status	Validation Issuance: 16 November 2015, First Verification Issuance: 04 April 2017 (Revised 26 May 2017), Second Verification Issuance: 26 November 2018, Third Verification Issuance: 16 November 2020	
	The KSWS REDD+ Project qualifies for CCB Biodiversity Gold for the following criteria: Vulnerability: at least 84 confirmed Globally Threatened species occur in the Project Zone.	
Gold Level Criteria	Irreplaceability: the Project Zone holds significant populations of at least three restricted-range species and large proportions of the world's population of at least five other species.	
	Project supports law enforcement action against poaching, snare removal, and economic livelihood alternatives to poaching.	





Validat GHG

PRODUCE CREDITS

- A standards organization (like a bank) adds those credits to your account.
- You can then sell those credits to someone
- And the "bank" moves those credits into that persons account.



WHO BUYS?

- Organization that cares about environment
- Or wants to look like they care!
- Or wants to avoid climate change because expensive for them!
- Individuals who want to offset their emissions (flights, etc)
- Future: countries under Paris Agreement



HOW TO BUY?

- Normally through a "middle man"
- Organizations buy large volumes
- But can also buy as an individual through websites, e.g. standfortrees.org
- How much?
- Price depends on volume, project, buyer
- Between \$10 and \$15 at the moment





HOW IS THE MONEY SHARED?

2010-2021

Has avoided:

- 25,000 hectares of deforestation
- 21 million tCO2e emissions
- Equivalent to 50 million barrels of oil
- 18 million carbon credits generated



COMMUNITY BENEFIT SHARING

- \$400,000 distributed to date
- Distribution of \$600,000 more planned by the end of this year

Used by communities for:

- Roads, bridges
- Water
- Healthcare
- Education
- Protection of land titles



MED











New projects under development

-High forest and biodiversity values

Local Khmer and indigenous communities

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COMMUNITY BENEFIT SHARING

- Is the project "high quality"?
- Is it really reducing deforestation?
- Does it really benefit local communities?
 - Does it impact them negatively?
- Does it really benefit wildlife?
- Will it be protected for a long time?
 - Or just a quick "cash-grab"?



We Stand for Wildlife[™]

